



Today's Objectives

- The First Four Years Top 5 Lessons Learned
- Learn critical elements of a lean thinking organization
- Gain a better understanding of how a lean implementation impacts organizational leaders and YOUR personal development
- Gain insights for how to infuse lean thinking into your organization's DNA

BLOODCENTER

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Learn how to assess organizational readiness for

Who We Are

BloodCenter of Wisconsin advances patient care by delivering life saving solutions grounded in unparalleled medical and scientific expertise.



Started by the Junior League in 1947

Nearly 900 employees

\$120M in Revenue



What We Do BloodCenter Service Lines

Diagnostic Laboratories Blood Research Organ and Tissue **Medical Services Blood Services** Institute Donation Innovation, Expertise, Basic, clinical, and applied research Wisconsin Donor Transfusion therapy procedures Results Network organ state of Wisconsin Collections 190,000 units 12 donor centers 2,200 mobile drives Specialized Testing - Transfusion Medicine - Studies in procurement Expert Assistance platelet immunobiology, drug organization dependent antibodies, platelet • Comprehensive Results • Wisconsin Tissue dosing
- Thrombosis, Hemostasis and Bank tissue National Marrow Donoi • Areas of Expertise procurement - Hemostasis Vascular Biology - Studies of organization - Thrombosis & Platelet testing
Blood Products
Including blood
derivatives and
clotting factor
concentrates. bleeding and clotting disorders, coagulation, sickle cell disease, Immune disorders - Maternal Fetal Medicine and vascular events such as - Solid Organ Transplantation - Stem Cell Transplantation inflammation, platelet interactions, and the integrity of the blood - Transfusion Medicine vessel wall - Molecular Oncology - Immunobiology - Studies of B cells, T cells, autoimmunity, immune system development · Stem Cell Biology/ Hematopolesis - Studies in stem cells and cancer

of wisconsin=





Lesson #1 Assess Your Organization's Culture



"The Organizational Structure is pretly Simple: We do the work; they take the Credit."

Source: CartoonStock.com



| Traditional | Lean | | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Culture | Culture | | | |
| Functional Silos | Interdisciplinary Teams | | | |
| Managers Direct | Manager's Teach | | | |
| Benchmarking to | Seek ultimate | | | |
| justify not improving | performance – absence | | | |
| ("Just as Good") | of wastes | | | |
| Blaming | Root Cause Analysis | | | |
| Individual Rewards | Group Rewards | | | |
| Guard Information | Information Sharing | | | |
| Volume Lowers Cost | Removing Waste | | | |
| | Lowers Cost | | | |
| Internal Focus | External Focus | | | |
| Expert Driven | Process Driven | | | |

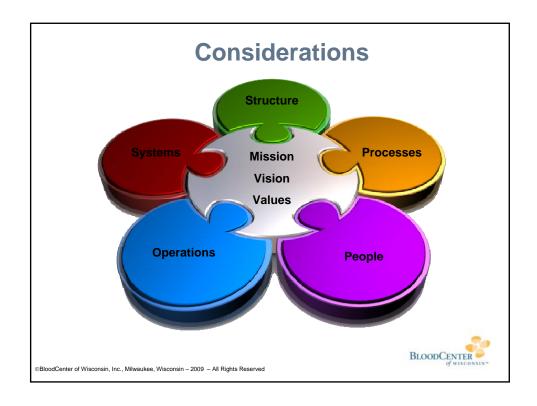


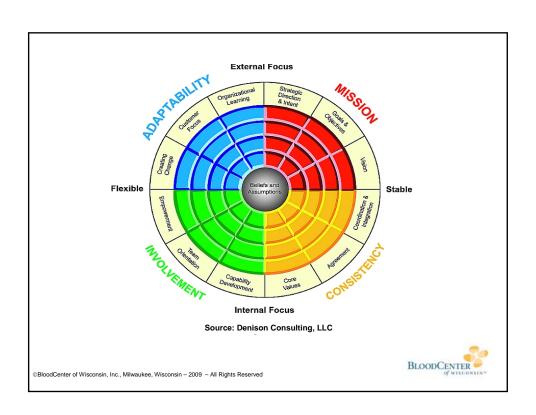
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Cultural Norms & Behaviors











Japanese grocery stores had a problem. They are much smaller than their US counterparts and therefore don't have room to waste. Watermelons, big and round, wasted a lot of space. Most people would simply tell the grocery stores that watermelons grow round and there is nothing that can be done about it. That is how I would assume the vast majority of people would respond.

The Innovative Solution – A Different Approach
Japanese farmers asked themselves, "How can
we provide supermarkets with a square
watermelon? The solution to the problem of
round watermelons wasn't nearly as difficult to
solve for those who didn't assume the problem
was impossible to begin with and simply asked
how it could be done. It turns out all you need to
do is place them into a square box when they
are growing and the watermelon will take on the
shape of the Box.



Happy Grocery Store owners and had the added benefit that it was much easier and cost effective to ship the watermelons.

Consumers also loved them because they took less space in their refrigerators which are much smaller than those in the US meaning that the growers could charge a premium price.

The Lesson Don't assume Question Habits Be Creative ook for a Better Way

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Lesson #2 Create a Message







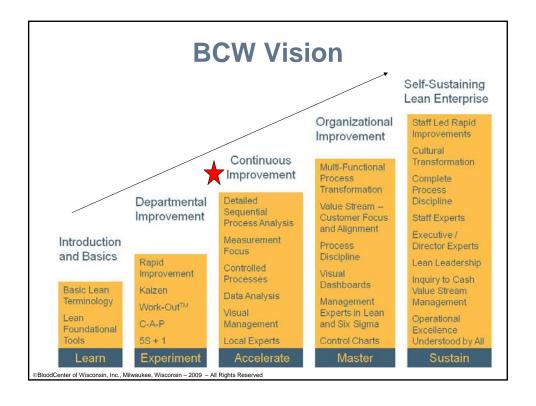


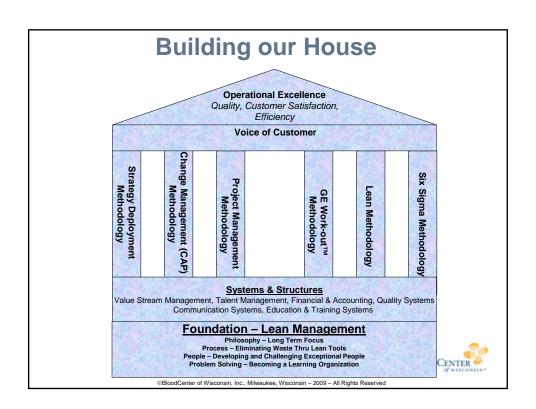
Messaging & Communication

- What is it...
- Why it's important...
- What I need from you...
- Communication Plan
 - Who
 - What
 - How
 - When











Management by Objectives

CEO:

Further develop Lean methodology and change management practices enterprise-wide.



Lean -implement quality culture and methodologies, including Lean methodologies targeted at increasing customer value and cycle time, productivity gains and cost reductions with 16 events, additional CAP and Workout facilitators and all management participate in one Lean event.



Lean -implement quality culture and methodologies, including Lean methodologies targeted at increasing customer value and cycle time, productivity gains and cost reductions with 3 events in your lab.



Lab Tech: Lead VSM for VW Multimers to improved TAT ...



Lesson #3 Develop a Structure to Support the Change



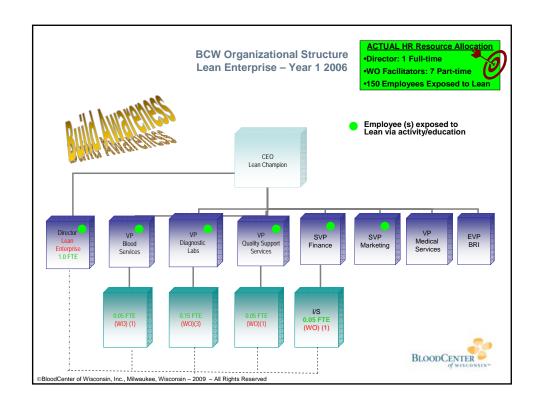


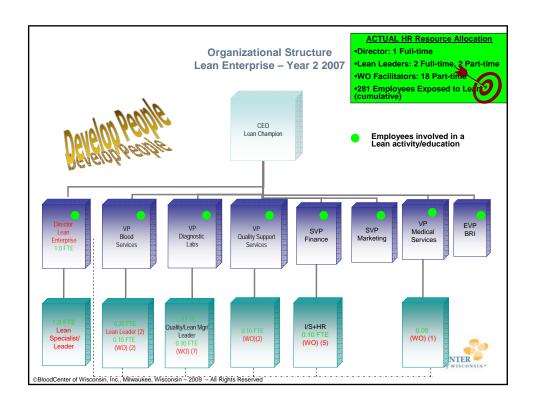
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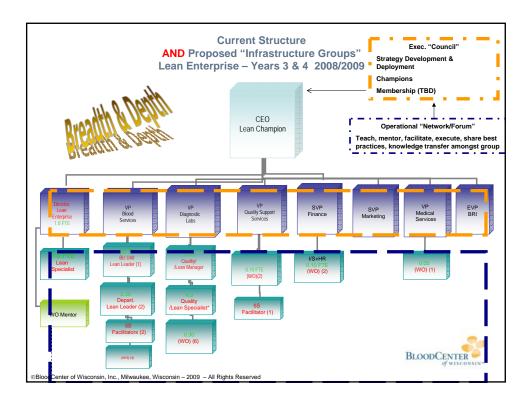
Organizational Structure 3 Year Progression









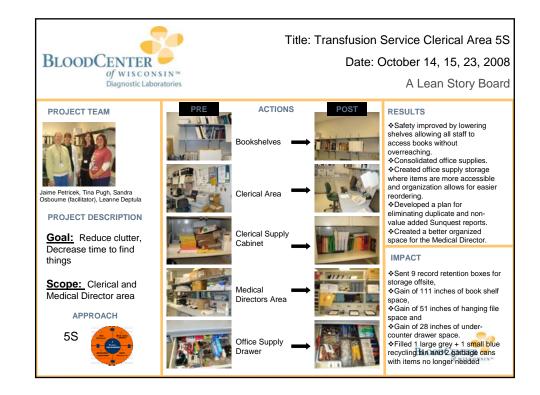


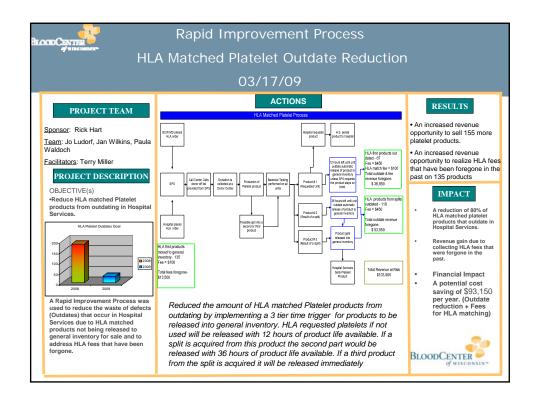


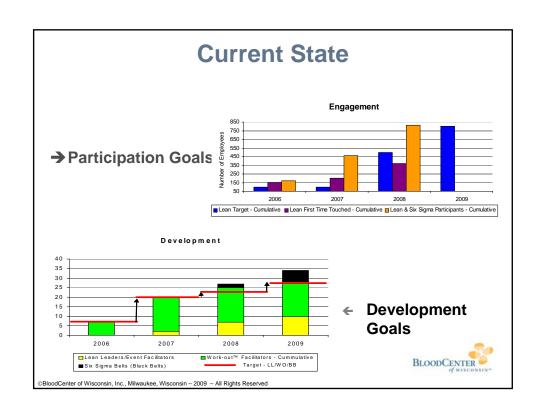
How To Get Buy-in & Commitment

- 1. Communication
 - Strategy & Plan
 - Rule of 7 (7x & 7 ways)
- 2. Participation
 - Projects
 - Learn it, do it, teach it
 - Tell you story
- 3. Assessment
 - Informal Stakeholder Analysis etc.
 - Formal Survey









Lesson #5 Manage Yourself





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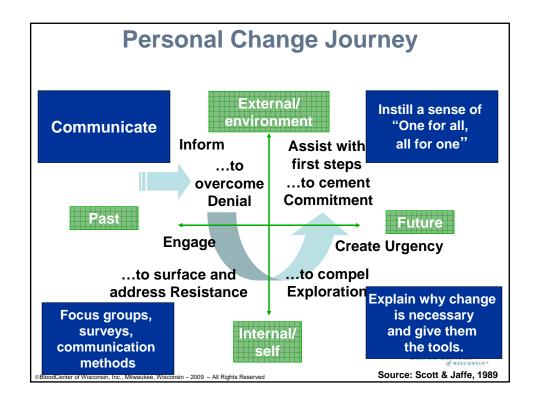
Baseline

Lean Mindset Self Assessment

Mindset: An Inclination or a h <u>Directions</u>: Indicate where you fall on each of the continuums. Not all items may apply to you. Some exaggeration in the descriptions is intentional. The data gathered at today's session will help us in developing educational programs, leadership standards and other systems and structures that will help to sustain, support and cultivate a lean thinking organization in the upcoming year.

| Statement | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Statement |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Problems upset me | | | | | | I welcome problems. |
| I look after my own interests first. | | | | | | I am part of the company team. |
| Defects are not my problem | | | | | | Quality is my responsibility. |
| My management style is "command and control" | | | | | | I am a participative manager. |
| I reward individual achievement | | | | | | I reward teamwork. |
| Rocking the boat makes me anxious | | | | | | I look for ways to continuously improve. |
| I tend to be competitive with others | | | | | | I seek ways of collaborating with others. |
| I think of my work as highly specialized | | | | | | I try to learn and use many different skills in my job. |
| I like to work independently of others | | | | | | I like to work with others. |
| My experience is my data | | | | | | The data is more important than my experience. |
| I am interested mainly in my own area | | | | | | I try to be aware of the whole |
| I spend a lot of time fighting fires | | | | | | I teach others to solve problems. |
| I will approve training only if it's clearly needed | | | | | | I'm responsible for the development of my reports. |
| I am stuck in my ways | | | | | | I enjoy learning and changing. |
| | | | | | | |



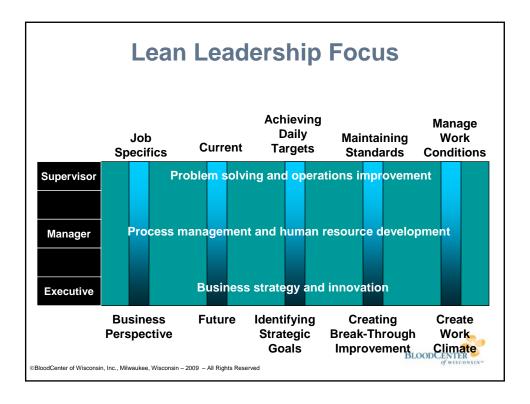


Mass vs. Lean Leader Characteristics

- Direct / tell
- Guard information
- Place blame
- Short term results
- Manage by fear
- Fire fight
- Function in silos
- Expert driven
- Reward 'heroes'
- Quick decisions

- Teach / enable / support
- Share information
- Find root cause
- · Sustainable results
- Manage by facts
- Solve problems, attack waste
- Cross functional teams, systems
- Process driven
- Maintain standards
- Observe, ask and listen





Reflection



Personal reflection (I, my, me)

- How did I impact or influence this?
- What part do I own?
- What is my responsibility?
- · What is the data telling me?
- What should I be doing?

Project reflection

- · What were we trying to do?
- Why were we trying to do it?
- What did we actually do / change / accomplish?
- · Why did it happen?
- What remains to be done? What is the plan?
- · What did we learn?
- How will we apply / share what was learned, in the future?



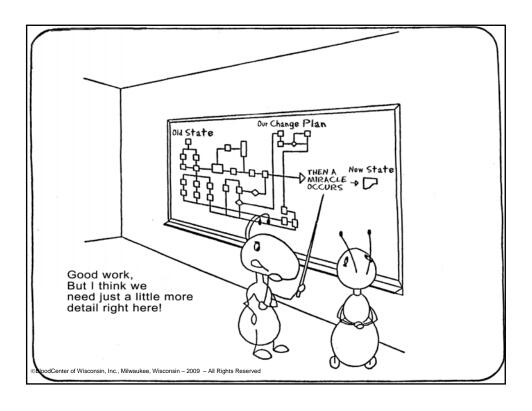
Change Management



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Why Change Fails – 8 Errors

- Not establishing a great enough sense of urgency
- 2. Not creating a powerful enough guiding coalition
- 3. Lacking a vision
- 4. Under communicating by a factor of ten
- 5. Not removing obstacles to the new vision
- 6. Not systemically planning for and creating short-term wins
- 7. Declaring victory too soon
- Source Returnshoring changes in the corporation's culture



Change The Culture Old Paradigm New Paradigm Measurements **End result only Trends of improvement Support Staff** Critical of shop floor Serves shop floor **Problems** 'None' and repetitive No problem is a problem **Solution Focus People** Systems / processes Information Restricted / closed Shared / open **Methods** Static / routine Changing / improving **Management Approach Crisis Preventive Career Movement** Slow / broad Fast / skimming **Supervision** Inspector Coach **Employee Development** Do as told Learn by doing **View of People** Costs **Assets** BLOODCENTER BloodCenter of Wisconsin, Inc., Milwaukee, Wisconsin - 2009 - All Rights Reserved

To Support Change...

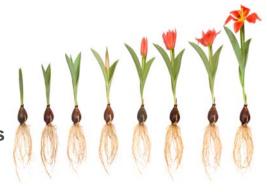
- Model the behavior you want to see
- Make time
- Ensure alignment, highlight interdependencies
- Make decisions at the lowest level possible
- Plan to avoid wasting time
- Deal with resistance
- Make change visible
- Measure progress through process and results
- Communicate and celebrate success



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Transformation

- Call for Change
- New Vision
- Commitment
- Sustaining
- Monitoring Results



Process for Managing Change



Success in Lean requires...

- · A systems perspective
- Mental calibration and adjustment to a lean world
 - Work habits
 - Routines
 - · Way you think about managing work and productivity
 - Discipline
 - Focus on the process
 - It's easy to manage the way we have always managed we must reverse the focus on results to a focus on the process
 the results will come as a natural byproduct of focusing on the process. Need to pay attention to both.
 - It is the process focus that sustains and will extend lean implementation
 - A lean culture emerges as leaders replace the mindset learned in our careers
- Your LEADERSHIP, commitment, demonstrated support through verbal and non-verbal communication

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Any change,
even a change for the better,
is always accompanied by
drawbacks and discomforts.



Top 5 Lessons Learned 1. Get a handle on your culture. 2. What's my line? 3. Get organized. 4. All aboard! 5. Manage yourself

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