Center for Surveillance, Epidemiology, and Laboratory Services

CDC and the Changing Landscape of Clinical Laboratory Medicine

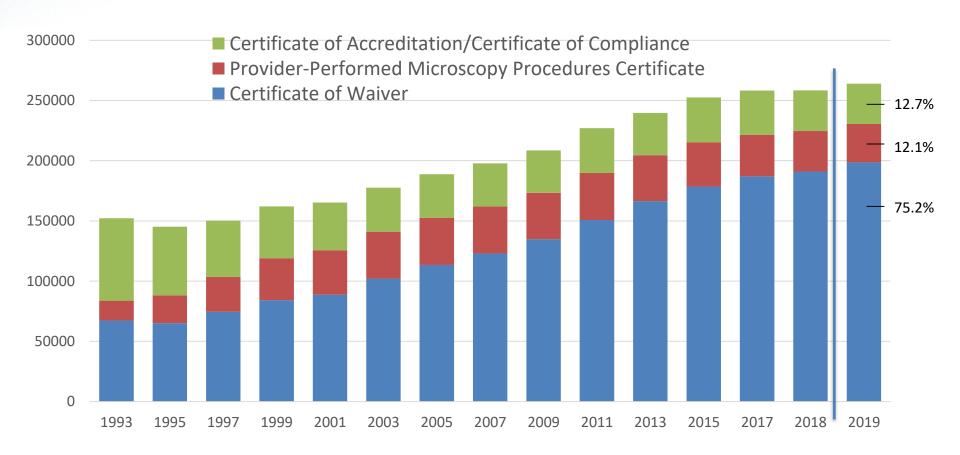
Reynolds M Salerno, PhD Division of Laboratory Systems October 15, 2019



Clinical Laboratory Community

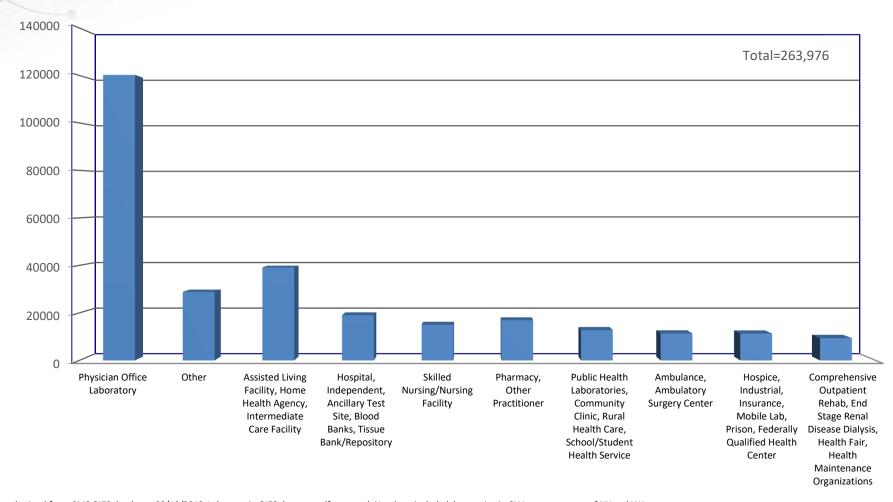


Number of CLIA Certified Laboratories: 1993-2019



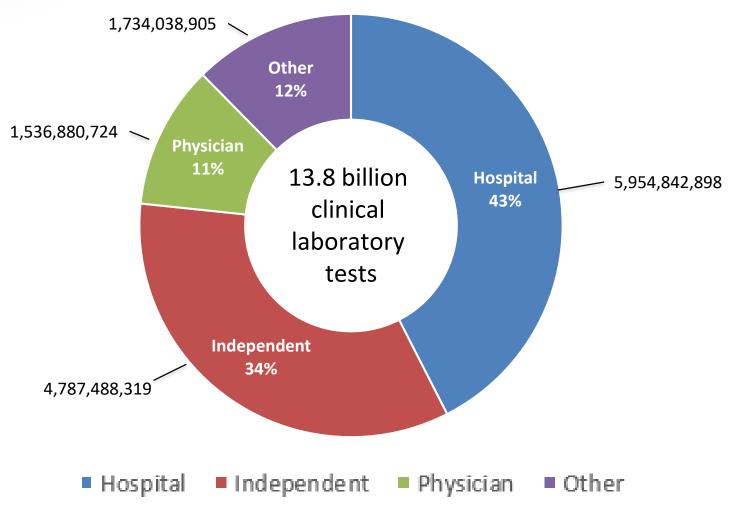
Data obtained from CMS QIES database, 09/10/2019. Lab types in QIES data are self-reported. Numbers include laboratories in CLIA-exempt states of NY and WA. Data does not includes CLIA Certificate of Registration laboratories.

U.S. Laboratory Demographics, Sept 2019 All CLIA-Certified Laboratories by Laboratory Type¹



¹Data obtained from CMS QIES database, 09/10/2019. Lab types in QIES data are self-reported. Numbers include laboratories in CLIA-exempt states of NY and WA. Data does not includes CLIA Certificate of Registration laboratories.

2018 Annual Test Volumes



Data obtained from CMS QIES database, September 2019

Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of 1988 (CLIA)



CDC Role in the CLIA Program



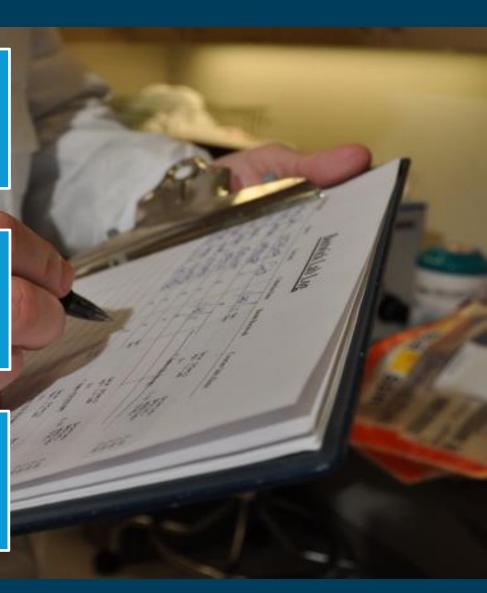
Identifies critical technical and scientific issues in clinical laboratory medicine



Develops and **distributes** technical information and educational materials



Manages the US
Clinical Laboratory
Improvement Advisory
Committee (CLIAC)



CDC Division of Laboratory Systems

Vision

Exemplary laboratory science and practice drive clinical care and public health.

Mission

Improve public health surveillance and practice as well as patient outcomes by advancing clinical laboratory quality and safety, data and biorepository science, and workforce competency.



Four Goal Areas



Quality Laboratory Science



Highly Competent Laboratory
Workforce



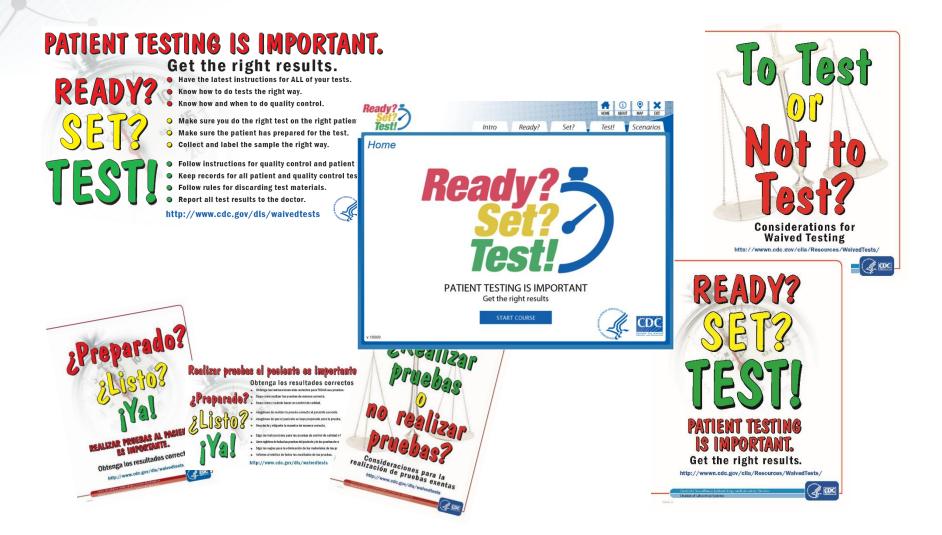
Safe and Prepared Laboratories



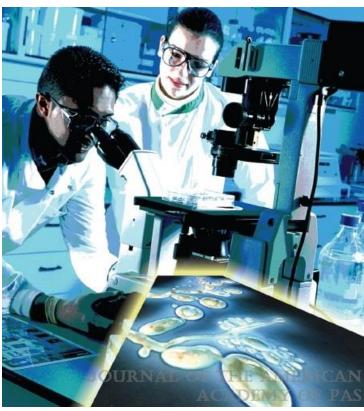
Accessible and Usable Laboratory

Data

Free CDC Resources to Promote Good Laboratory Practices for Waived Testing



Provider-Performed Microscopy (PPM) Procedures



From Brown et al., "Provider-performed microscopy empowers Pas at the point of care," Journal of the American Academy of PAs, March 2018, Vol. 31, Issue 3, 19-24.



A Focus on Quality Practices

http://wwwn.cdc.gov/clia/Resources/PPMP

Center for Surveillance, Epidemiology, and Laboratory Services



Individualized Quality Control Plan (IQCP)



DEVELOPING AN IQCP
A STEP-BY-STEP GUIDE





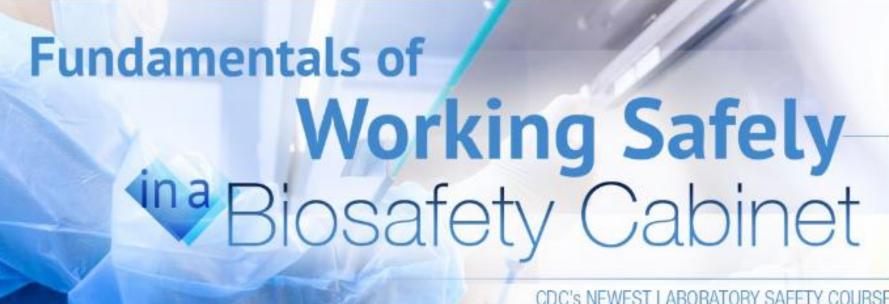


DLS Laboratory Training

	Description	Additional Information
ENTAMOEBA HISTOLYTICA DE CO	Algorithms in Diagnostic Molecular Parasitology. Learn the tools necessary to make evidence-based decisions relative to implementing and performing molecular methods to diagnose parasitic diseases.	Live Event: 9/25/19 – 9/27/19 Level: Basic Registration Closes: 7/8/19
	Diagnostic Parasitology I: Intestinal Organisms & Arthropods Learn how to detect and identify medically important intestinal helminths, intestinal protozoa, and arthropods.	Live Event: 10/22/19 – 10/25/19 Level: Intermediate Registration Closes: 7/30/19
Malaria:	<u>Diagnostic Parasitology II: Bloodborne & Tissue Parasites</u> Learn how to detect and identify blood and tissue parasites. Lectures and hands-on laboratory exercises will target <i>Plasmodium</i> spp., <i>Babesia</i> spp., microfilariae, <i>Leishmania</i> spp., and <i>Trypanosoma</i> spp.	Live Event: 10/28/19 – 10/31/19 Level: Intermediate Registration Closes: 7/30/19
	Antimicrobial Susceptibility CLSI Standards Learn about the supplemental tables that correlate with the standards and the interpretive criteria for antimicrobials recommended for testing a variety of bacteria. This course provides essential information for those new to antimicrobial susceptibility testing and serves as an important refresher for experienced laboratory professionals	On-demand eLearning Level: Basic
	Antimicrobial Susceptibility Testing Methods (AST) Learn technical and regulatory considerations for any method of medical laboratory antimicrobial susceptibility testing. This course provides essential information for those new to antimicrobial susceptibility testing and an important refresher for laboratory professionals	On-demand eLearning Level: Basic

www.cdc.gov/labtraining/

Biosafety Cabinet Course

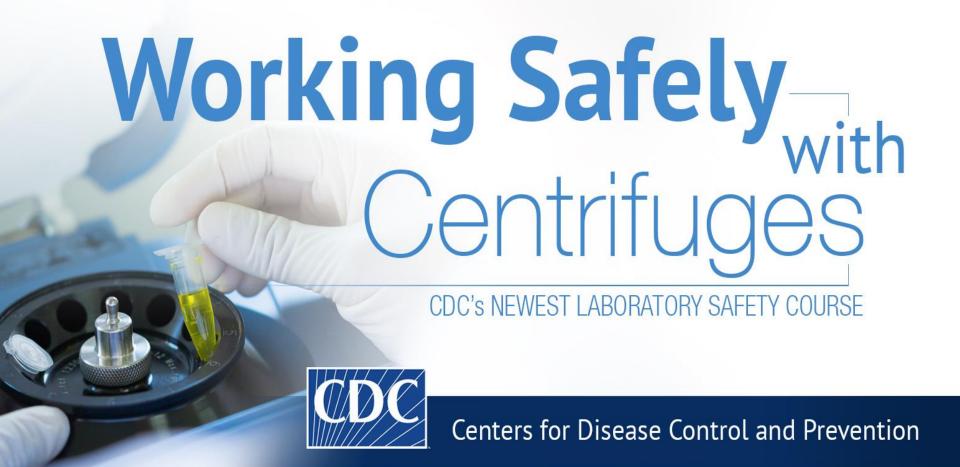


CDC's NEWEST LABORATORY SAFETY COURSE

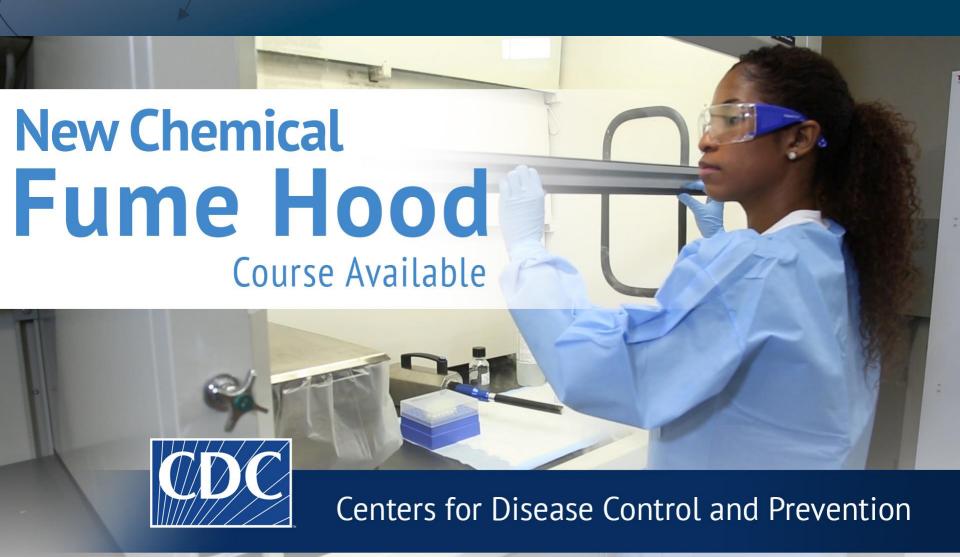


Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

Centrifuge Course

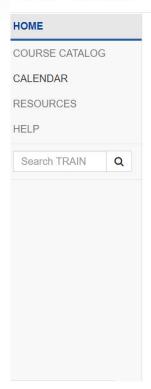


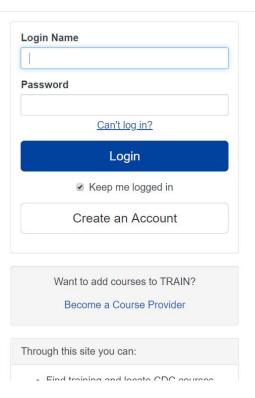
Chemical Fume Hood Course



CDC Train







Welcome to CDC TRAIN

CDC TRAIN is a gateway into the <u>TRAIN Learning Network</u>, the most comprehensive catalog of public health training opportunities. TRAIN is a free service for learners from the Public Health Foundation.



CDC TRAIN provides access to more than 1,000 courses developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) programs, grantees, and other funded partners. Courses offered by CDC course providers have been approved and verified by CDC.

First time to TRAIN? Select "Create Account" on the left menu to register for TRAIN. You only need one TRAIN account to access multiple TRAIN sites. Be sure to opt-in to emails so that you receive important messages.

www.train.org/cdctrain/welcome

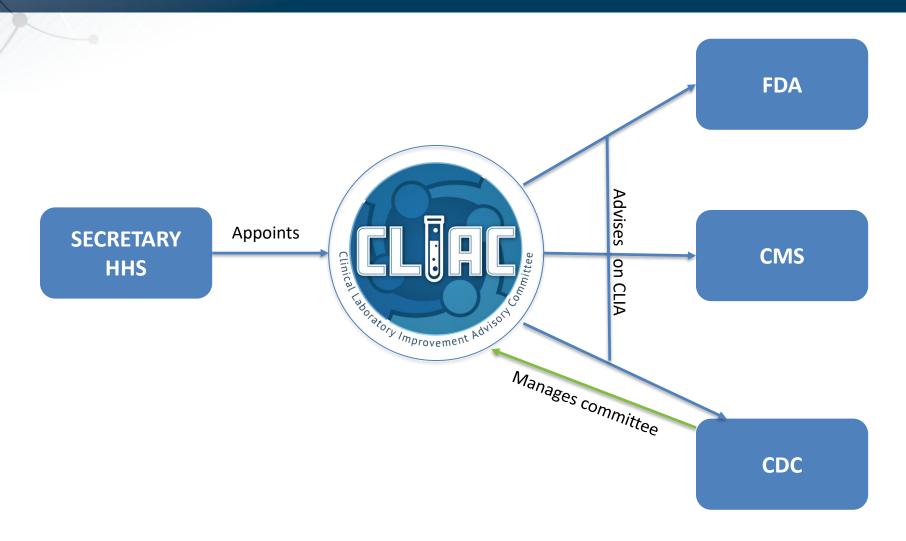
Emerging Technologies



Clinical Laboratory Improvement Advisory Committee (CLIAC)



CLIAC Structure and Membership



Highlights from April 2019 CLIAC Meeting

April 10-11, 2019 in Baltimore

Personnel Regulations Workgroup

Nontraditional Testing Workflow Model Workgroup

Next Generation Sequencing (NGS) Workgroup

Register Now: CLIAC Fall Meeting



November 2019 CLIAC Meeting: Public Comment Session

- Are bioinformaticists needed in clinical and public health laboratories? If so, what are the current roles, responsibilities, and competencies of bioinformaticists in these settings?
- What areas exist in CLIA where specific requirements or guidance might be needed to ensure the accuracy and reliability of new and emerging laboratory technologies and nontraditional testing workflow models, including next generation sequencing, biomarker testing, metagenomics, and others?
- What data are available that could assist in answering how CLIA may need to be revised or where guidance may be needed to ensure the accuracy and reliability of emerging technologies?

Visit CLIAC online at cdc.gov/CLIAC!



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Clinical Laboratory Improvement Advisory Committee (CLIAC)

♠ CLIAC Home

Meeting +

Membership

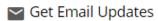
CLIAC Charter

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CLIA

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Email Address

Participate in Public Comment on Emerging Technologies and the Clinical Laboratory

At the November 6-7, 2019 meeting, CLIAC is specifically soliciting public comments to address the questions below. Information provided via public comments will not be considered advice directly addressed to HHS. Rather, it will be used by CLIAC to inform their deliberations and recommendations to HHS and to help focus a CLIAC workgroup that will be convened in response to an April 2019 CLIAC recommendation that such a workgroup be charged with providing input to CLIAC in advising how CLIA might be updated.

- 1. Are bioinformaticists needed in clinical and public health laboratories? If so, what are the current roles, responsibilities, and competencies of bioinformaticists in these settings?
- 2. What areas exist in CLIA where specific requirements or guidance might be needed to ensure the accuracy and reliability of new and emerging laboratory technologies and nontraditional testing workflow models, including next generation sequencing, biomarker testing, metagenomics, and others?
- 3. What data are available that could assist in answering how CLIA may need to be revised or where guidance may be needed to ensure the accuracy and reliability of emerging technologies?

In general, each individual or group requesting to make oral comments will be limited to a total time of ten minutes (unless otherwise indicated). Written comments can also be provided up to the first day of the meeting. Send comments to CLIAC@cdc.gov.

Register for the Meeting

For more information, contact CDC 1-800-CDC-INFO (232-4636)
TTY: 1-888-232-6348 www.cdc.gov

Nancy Anderson: 404-498-2741 or nla0@cdc.gov

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The findings and conclusions in this report are those of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official position of Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.