

Leveraging Lean to Become Best-In-Class Lab Performer: How We Built a New Core Lab While Integrating Lab Operations and Helping Staff Embrace a New Culture

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Carolinas HealthCare System Laboratory Scope of Services

CHS laboratory network provides testing services to acute care facilities (metro), Physician Practices both CHS and Non CHS (outreach), and free standing Emergency Departments.

Testing locations

- 12 Acute Care Hospitals
- 6 Free Standing ED Laboratories

Phlebotomy Services

- 19 Patient Services Centers (Locations for outpatient blood draws)
- 16 physician practices
- 21 skilled nursing facilities

Reference Laboratory Testing

• 2,978 providers located in 938 medical practices

Laboratory Departments

- 1) Hematology
- 2) Chemistry/Toxicology
- 3) Microbiology
- 4) Histology/Cytology
- 5) Blood Bank
- 6) Cytogenetics
- 7) Molecular Diagnostics
- 8) HLA Transplant
- 9) Coagulation



Background (2012)

The success of CHS overall and the Laboratory Outreach program have resulted in significant volume growth, which has created numerous operational challenges.

- CMC laboratory currently serves as an acute care lab and as the core lab for CHS Metro hospitals.
- The department has experienced 50% growth over the past five years.
- The volume of routine tests from physician offices has reached a level where the acute care needs of the CMC campus are being adversely affected.
- Growth has also resulted in testing being spread across five locations, presenting challenges to quality and efficiency.
- Lab functions at CMC and CMC-Mercy are rapidly outgrowing their facilities.



Cost of Benchmark Core Labs

	Tests (millions)	Capital Investment (millions)	Capital \$/Test	Difference
CHS	3.0	\$17	\$5.7	
System A	3.5	\$29	\$8.3	46%
System B	3.8	\$44	\$11.6	104%
System C	1.8	\$75	\$42.0	637%

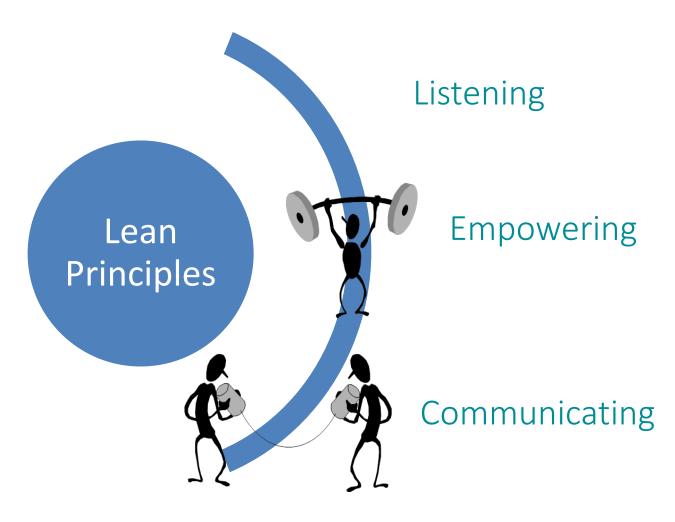


Core Lab's Theory





Design Process





3P Process Utilized

What is 3P? People, Preparation, Process

3P is an event to develop and define a Lean equipment and supply chain logistics system before the start of implementation



Design/Planning Phase: Process Matrix Molecular

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Molecular/Microbiology

quality and improve (s to share common reso patient care purces For Micro, Moleo		Specimen Famil	ies
			Molecular	Frozen Virology
			Molecular	Molecular Oncology
Pre Analytical	Analytical	Post Analytical	Molecular	HPV Virology
			Molecular	Genetics
• Pre-	• Dark Room	• Waste	Molecular	RT Virology/Histo
		• Waste	Cytogenetics	FISH
Amplification	 Nitrogen 	 RT Storage 	Cytogenetics	Conventional Karyotyping
 Isolation 	U	Ũ	Immunology	Flow Cytometry
• Isolation	• CO2	 -80 Deg Storage 	Immunology	Tissue Typing
 -80 deg storage 	Benches	• Post	Immunology	Donor Typing
0 0			Microbiology	Urine
 RT storage 	• QC	Amplification	Microbiology	Serology MRSA
	• 2 9 Deg Sterage		Microbiology	Blood
	• 2-8 Deg Storage		Microbiology Microbiology	Blood
	 Amplification 		Microbiology	Aerobic (Hood Samples)
			Microbiology	Anaerobic
	 PCR Setup 		Microbiology	Strep BBS
			Microbiology	Stool Kit
			Microbiology	Stool Culture
			Microbiology	ТВ
			Microbiology	Mycology
			Microbiology	Virology
			Microbiology	Water Testing





Ideas in Motion!



- KEY POINTS TEL - Success Elow - Notak Spick pall - brikali-knom rul c to micked







Finally Making Sure the Space is Right!

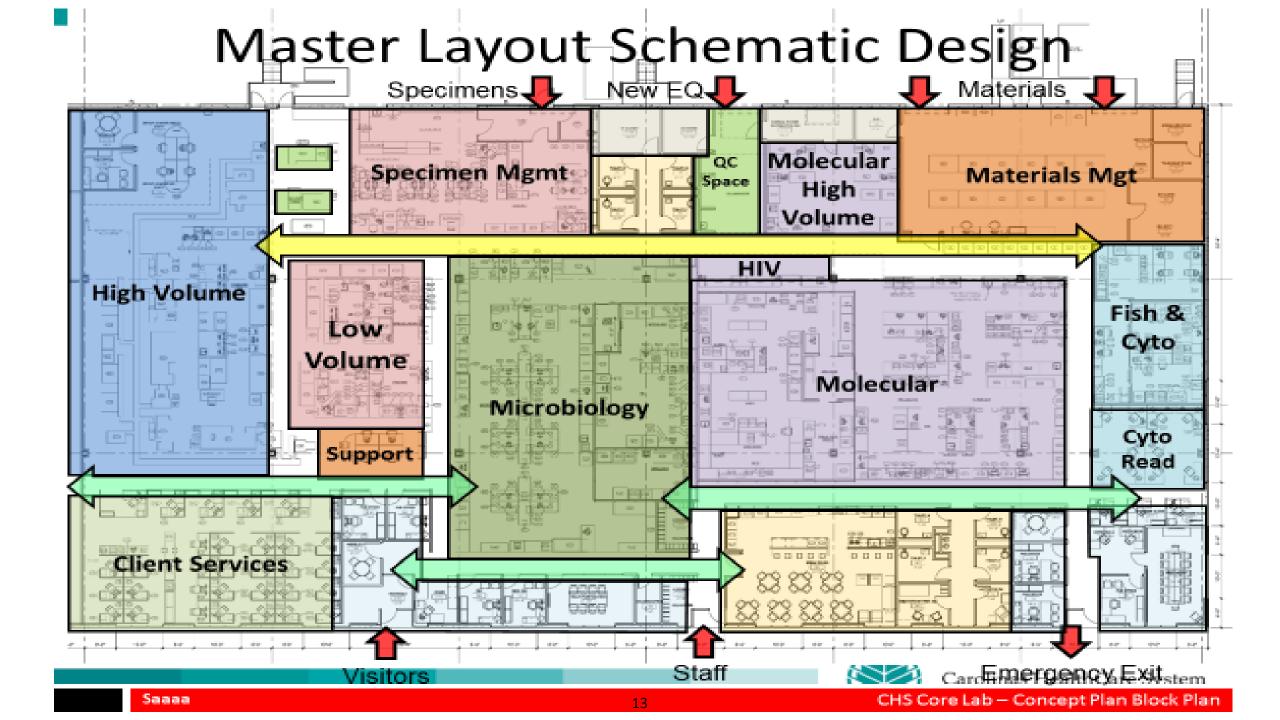




2013 Core Lab 3P Schedule

- 6/17 6/21 Molecular, Cytogenetics, Immunology
- 7/15 7/18 Receiving
- 7/29 8/2 Chem/Heme high volume
- 8/12 -8/16 Chem/Heme low volume, Serology, Blood Bank
- 9/9 9/13 Microbiology
- 10/14 10/18 Employee spaces, Leader areas
- 10/28 11/1 Waste Stream, Materials Management, Storage
- 11/11 11/15 Client Services, Logistics, Sales, Marketing
- 12/2 12/6 Core Lab Master Layout





Specimen Flow Distances

Flow	Before (feet)	After (feet)	% Improved
High Vol Chem / Heme	1189	210	82%
Low Vol Chem / Heme	1081	265	75%
Micro - Urine	1619	260	84%
Micro - Gram Stain	1008	205	80%
Molecular - CF	2652	327	88%
Immunology – PRA	2338	293	87%
Cytogenetics – Bone Marrow	2800	339	88%



Recap of All 3P Events

9 Events

176 Days

39 Departments

103 Lab Teammates

138 CHS Teammates

1,976 Years of Experience

5,692 Hours of Design Time

Great Design!





Atrium Health

Lean Management Structure

October 2018

Our Concept for Core Lab

- Maximize quality, service, efficiency
- Maximize flow specimens; materials; people; information; waste
- Eliminate Defects specimens; orders; accurate results; on-time results
- To develop a culture of continuous Improvement



Our Challenge for Core Lab

- Implementing a management system to sustain continuous improvement
- Overcome current operational practice and thinking
- Leaders and teammates adopting the new way of thinking
- Building trust to facilitate open communication about opportunities to improve



Addressing the Challenge

- Our leadership model is derived from the approach used by Toyota Production Systems piloted in a clinical setting elsewhere
 - Directors
 - Group Leaders
 - Team Leaders
- Our model relies on team leadership to drive change
- The Team Leader plays a key role in our day-to-day operations
- The Group Leader supports the Team Leader



Our Operating System Elements

- People
 - Teammate Development
 - Standard Work
 - Team Structure
 - Staffing to Model
 - Leader Standard Work
 - Cross Training

- Process
 - Huddle
 - Andon
 - Visual Controls
- System
 - Problem Solving
 - Schedule
 - Audits
 - Point-of-Use Materials



Our Leadership Principles

- Patients first, always
- Value is defined by the patient
- Maintain **continuous flow** level out the workload to the extent practical
- Use visual controls so that problems are easily seen
- Ensure quality is right the first time by stopping to fix problems
- Go and see yourself to thoroughly understand the situation
- Implement technology judiciously; automating a poor process is unlikely to result in improvement
- Develop exceptional people and teams through a relentless focus on daily improvement



Teammate Role

- Follow standard work without exception
- Pull the Andon immediately if unable to perform standard work
- Continuously identify ways to improve processes
- Participate actively in daily huddle
- Ensure safety and quality
- Daily upkeep of work area



Team Leader Role

- Minimize process stops by solving problems
- Own, train, and develop standard work
- Audit standard work and processes daily for deviation from standard
- Lead real-time practical problem solving
- Focus on safety through 5s and visual control audits
- Own the training and development of teammates
- Cover gaps for call ins, project time, personal needs, any unexpected team member absence
- **Develop staff skills in standard work and problem solving**
- Maintain 5s Workplace organization
- Ensure shift-to-shift communication
- Understands the pulse of the team



Group Leader Role

- Performs basic administrative functions, including budget preparation and human resources duties such as hiring, performing evaluations and corrective action
- Lead daily huddles
- Minimize process stops by solving issues
- Ensure standard work audits are completed daily. Audit one process each week
- Lead advanced practical problem solving to include A3
- Focus on safety through 5s Gemba walks with team leaders
- Develop staff skills in standard work and problem solving
- Communicates to staff shift-to-shift about important process specific safety/quality issues



Benefits of Our Structure

- Provides for daily coaching and mentoring of teammates by Team Leaders
- **Daily** confirmation that standardized work is being followed
- Enhances teammate development and training all shifts
- **Develops trust** and results in high performing teams
- Provides a high level of support for teammates
- Improves problem solving teammates participate in real-time problem solving
- **Drives** the cultural and organizational requirement to sustain Continuous Improvement



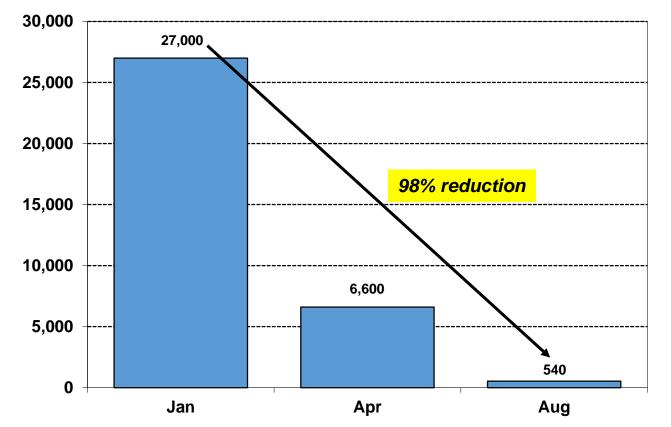


Atrium Health

Highlights of Outcomes

Some Outcomes of Our Structure

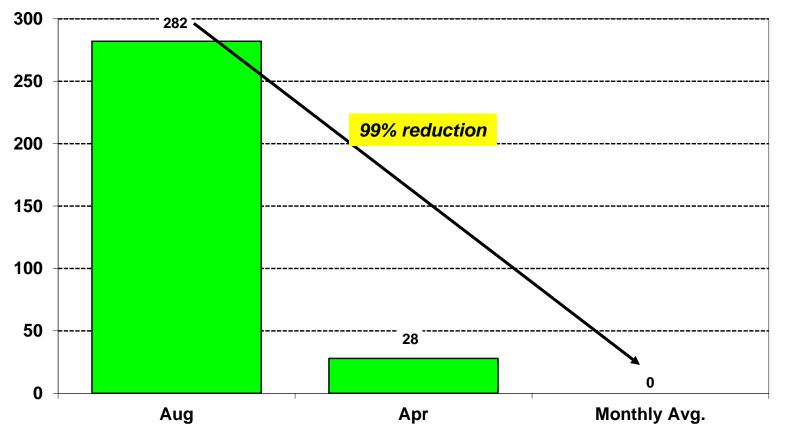
Pre-analytic Defects 2015 - 2018





Specimen Management Defect Reductions

Post-QC Defects





Turnaround Time Improvements

	Jan. 2015	Jul. 2017	Reduction (days)	Improvement
Microbiology - Collec	t to Result (da	ays)		
Urine cultures	1.76	1.40	(0.36)	20.5%
Blood cultures	4.60	2.40	(2.20)	47.8%
Fluid cultures	5.79	3.90	(1.89)	32.6%
Spinal fluid cultures	5.74	1.50	(4.24)	73.9%



Visual Management





Using visual management to ensure specimens route where they need to go timely and to ensure the right specimens are placed in the appropriate storage conditions.



Quality & Sustainment

Process audits are done weekly each shift to ensure that we continue to follow the standard work or SOP and to identify gaps in process and correct to ensure better quality.

	Standa	rd Pro	cess	Audit				[O Std	X Non-Std	 N/A
Department or Area Audited Specimen Management Person Audited Audited		SD	NC	NC		EL	EB				
March 2010 Auditor Initials		TP	ER	ER	and the	AR abo	NC				
On-IDX/IDX Order Entry Date of AL	udit 321	321	3/22	3122	220	0	3130				
tre the standard work charts visible? The standard work charts up to date?	0	0	0	00		0	0				
s the process staffed properly per procedure?	-0	X	X	0		0	0				
the proper sequence of work being followed? re the walk or flow patterns being followed?	0	0	D	8		0	0 X				-
The the cycle times being hit for each process step?	10	0	0	0	-	10	X				
s the overall cycle time being achieved? Are all items in their proper marked-off location?	0	0	0	Ø		0	0	-	-		+
Are all targets and goals updated and posted?	- 0	10	18	8		18	0	-	-		
s management auditing the standard work process	enever an "X"	is placed in	a box, th	e correctiv	e action s	hould be ta	ken before	the end c	f the shift	by the lead	ler
Audit Procedure 1. Check one job per day per team 2. Check different person on the job each week 3. Check person for 5 straight cycles 4. If person checked is following Std Work 3. Jpp	Did r recomi checku to pre	not si mende d; alg vent n male	et te d hi nibsed did	ann ghligh ewed test	ste sprop sote	r inch	name to e ghlight anna l cyc	ing t ing t	pt i echn	n p p s igue nt	

For each defect that occurs, we perform a 5-Why problem-solving to try to solve the root cause of what caused the issue.

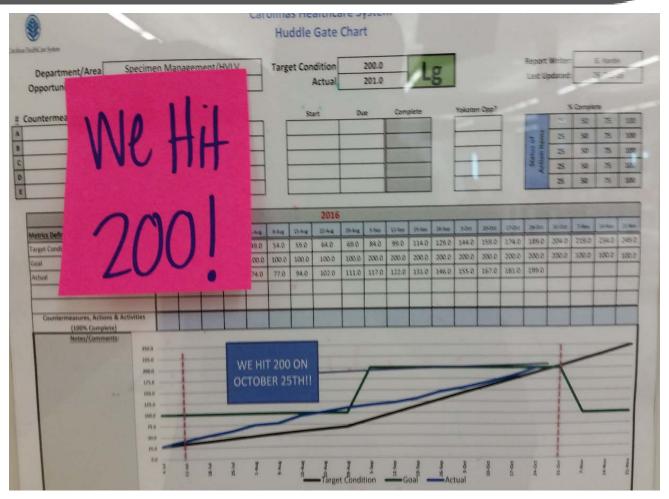
Baseline:	sts over a taget	Target -/	1 1-
	Nrong tests	or Goal: Wrong	tests
100	equest for Stool	CX & Crypto/Giard	ia screen,
	eammate ordered	C. diff and OVPA	2
5 Why's	Direct Cause 1:	Direct Cause 2:	Direct Cause 3:
Why-1	teammate thought	Did not type the correct test codes	Terminate did opt use
Why-2	Numbers (chose and	N	resources avail (andon. magnifier, Job Aide, etc.)
Why-3	Theat thase.	(Two tests in one box)	
	team Leader asked	Micro section on new re- has more tests than old	8
Vhy-4		reg.	
/hy-5			
t Cause:	SEE Direct Cause 2	micro section on	
	occ priece cause a	micro section on new reg	1
ntermeasure: It, who and when)		Whitze Mico Job Aide	Pull Andon & use
		(much larger copy).	magnifier consistently
nunication plan:	Make Sure all te	ammates are aware of	and USING MICE
	Coo Tibe	0	
Realtime Problem Sol			



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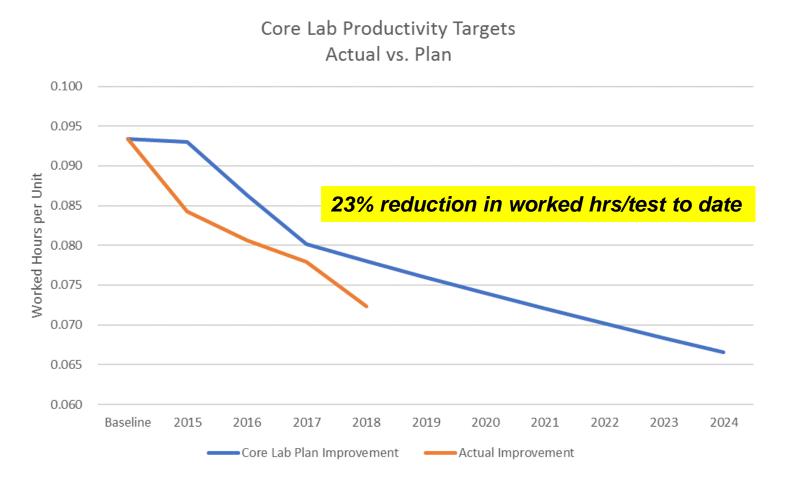
Continuous Improvement

Teammates in specimen management and high/low volume Chemistry and Hematology have accomplished over 200 continuous improvement activities in a 4 month period! The activities have improved safety, quality, delivery and cost for our patients and physicians! Additionally, they have built more cohesive, engaged teams.





Productivity Gains





Summary

- A system of continuous improvement is important
- Our Continuous Improvement structure is the foundation for our ongoing success
- Leadership provides the day-to-day structure and focus
- Team Leaders are key to our success
- Teammate's continual engagement in the improvement process is essential



Questions



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